

1. (15%) Find the extrema of the function $f(x, y, z) = xyz^{1/3}$ on the region $x + y + z = 1$, $x \geq -1$, $y \geq -2$, $z \geq -3$.

2. (10%) Suppose $f: R \rightarrow R$ is differentiable and satisfies $f'(x) > f(x)$ for all real x . Show that if $f(0) = 0$ then $f(x) > 0$ for all $x > 0$. In your proof, state clearly on theorems you used.

3. (15%) (a) (8%) Evaluate the following integral

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x - \sin x}{x^3} dx$$

and (b) (7%) provide an argument to verify that the existence of this integral.

4. (15%) For a real symmetric positive definite $p \times p$ matrix A and a vector $\mathbf{v} \in R^p$, show that

$$\int_{R^p} \exp(-\mathbf{x}^T A \mathbf{x} + 2\mathbf{v}^T \mathbf{x}) d\mathbf{x} = \pi^{p/2} \sqrt{\det A} \exp(\mathbf{v}^T A^{-1} \mathbf{v}).$$

You may assume that $\exp(A)$ is a well-defined matrix.

5. (15%) Prove that the initial value problem $\frac{dx}{dt} = 3x + 85 \cos x$, $x(0) = 77$, has a solution $x(t)$ defined for all $t \in R$.

6. (15%) Suppose that $f(x)$ is defined on $[-1, 1]$, and that $f^{(3)}(x)$ is continuous. Show that the series $\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \left[n (f(1/n) - f(-1/n)) - 2f'(0) \right]$ converges.

7. (15%) Use Stokes' Theorem to evaluate

$$\iint_S \text{curl} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{S}. \text{ Here } \vec{F} = y\vec{i} - x\vec{j} + yx^3\vec{k} \text{ and } S \text{ is the portion of}$$

the sphere of radius 4 with $z \geq 0$ and the upwards orientation.

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