國立臺灣大學99學年度轉學生招生考試試題

題號: 47

科目:普通動物學

題號: 47

共 / 頁之第 / 頁

一、是非題(每小題2分,共40分)

※注意:請於答案卷之「選擇題作答區」作答,答案均寫於(A)欄內。

- 1. Endotherms can use metabolic heat to regulate their body temperature, in contrast, ectotherms gain most of their heat from the environment.
- 2. Pancreatic enzymes are secreted into the duodenum in inactive form and will be activated in a chain reaction until they are safely located in the extracellular space within it.
- 3. The body plan of animal results from a pattern of development programmed by the genome, and the possibilities are infinite.
- 4. The sinoatrial (SA) node is a pacemaker which located in the wall of the left atrium could coordinate the contraction of the intact heart.
- 5. The diet from which a ruminant actually absorbs its nutrients is much richer than the grass the animal originally ate.
- 6. Hemoglobin consisting of four subunits has iron as its oxygen-binding component.
- 7. Chitin is a polysaccharide polymerized from the glucose monomers and used by arthropods to build their exoskeleton.
- 8. The cerebellum of human brain controls voluntary movement and cognitive functions.
- 9. Excesses of water-soluble vitamins are excreted in urine; on the contrary, fat-soluble vitamins are not excreted but are deposited in body fat.
- 10. In mammals, the insulating material is associated with the integumentary system and relying mainly on adipose tissue inside.
- 11. The proposed ancestors of mitochondria in eukaryotic cell were aerobic autotrophic prokaryotes.
- 12. An osmoregulator animal can control its internal osmolarity dependent of that of its environment.
- 13. Parthenogenesis is a form of sexual reproduction in which an egg develops without being fertilized.
- 14. The deuterostomes include the echinoderms and the chordates.
- 15. Darwin called the evolutionary history of species "descent with modification" that also captured the duality of life's unity and diversity.
- 16. Humoral immunity defends against pathogens and toxins in extracellular fluid, and cell-mediated immunity defends against infected cells, cancer cells and transplanted tissues.
- 17. In indeterminate development, any cell from the first few cell divisions of the zygote can develop into a complete organism if separated from the others.
- 18. Myelin sheaths are produced by two types of glia oligodendrocytes in the PNA and Schwann cells in the CNS.
- 19. Blood is a connective tissue with cells suspended in serum.
- 20. The way we classify animal is being reevaluated and most taxonomists agree that the animal kingdom is polyphyletic.

二、問答題(每題 15 分, 共 60 分)※ 注意:請於答案卷內之「非選擇題作答區」作答,並應註明作答之題號。

- 1. Please explain how an animal's nitrogenous wastes can reflect its phylogeny and habitat?
- 2. Please discusses the cellular response pathways for both water- and lipid-soluble hormones.
- 3. What is the Cambrian explosion?
- 4. What is the respiratory surface? Please discusses its diversity in insect, fish and human.